



House of
Energy Markets
& Finance

StoOpt – Comparison of deterministic and stochastic optimization approaches in the German electricity and reserve markets

Christian Furtwängler*,

Philip Beran, Christopher Jahns, Arne Vogler, Christoph Weber

GOR-Workshop Bochum, October 08, 2020

2024 EFRE.NRW
Investitionen in Wachstum
und Beschäftigung

Ministerium für Wirtschaft, Energie,
Industrie, Mittelstand und Handwerk
des Landes Nordrhein-Westfalen



EUROPÄISCHE UNION
Investition in unsere Zukunft
Europäischer Fonds
für regionale Entwicklung

UNIVERSITÄT
DUISBURG
ESSEN

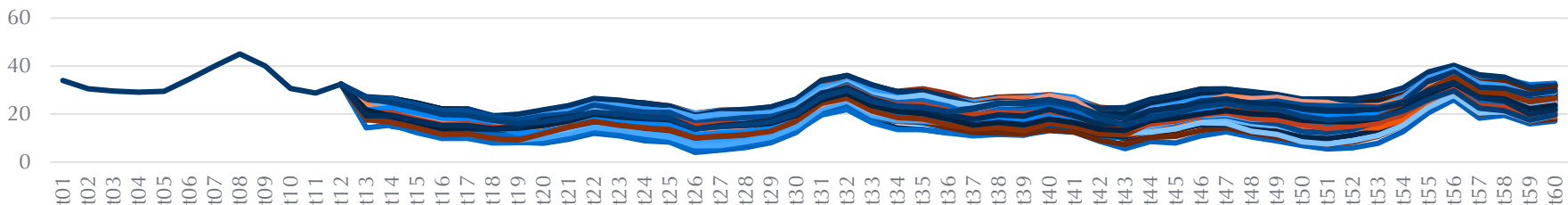
Open-Minded

Price uncertainty – opportunity and threat for flexible portfolios

Motivation

- Optimal marketing of flexible CHP portfolios needs to account for uncertainties
 - Electricity Prices, Reserve Market Prices, Heat Demand Forecasts, ...
- However, many portfolio owners still mostly rely on deterministic optimization methods
 - Point forecasts are readily available
 - Optimization runtimes are adequate for auction schedules
- But is this really the **optimal** marketing strategy?
- What potential might be unlocked by **stochastic** marketing optimization?

Spot Price Scenarios [€/MWh]



Agenda

StoOpt –deterministic and stochastic optimization approaches in the German electricity and reserve markets

Motivation

1

On the Research Project: *StoOpt.NRW*

2

Methodology

3

Results (so far)

4

Conclusion and Outlook

5

StoOpt.NRW: IT Tools for the Sustainable Management of CHP and Storage Systems

UNIVERSITÄT
DUISBURG
ESSEN

Open-Minded

On the Research Project: *StoOpt.NRW*

- Partners:
 - Chair of Energy Economics (EWL) of UDE (consortium leader)
 - ProCom GmbH
 - Medium-sized (about 100 employees) IT consultant firm
 - Based in Aachen (HQ), Berlin and Ningbo (China)
 - Provider of various energy market-related IT services and applications
- Project awarded by the “Leitmarktwettbewerb EnergieUmweltwirtschaft.NRW”
- Duration: 38 months (04/2016-05/2019)
- Project Funding:
 - OP EFRE NRW (Operational program for the promotion of investment in growth and employment of the European Funds for Regional Development of North-Rhine Westphalia)

Agenda

StoOpt –deterministic and stochastic optimization approaches in the German electricity and reserve markets

Motivation

1

On the Research Project: *StoOpt.NRW*

2

Methodology

3

Results (so far)

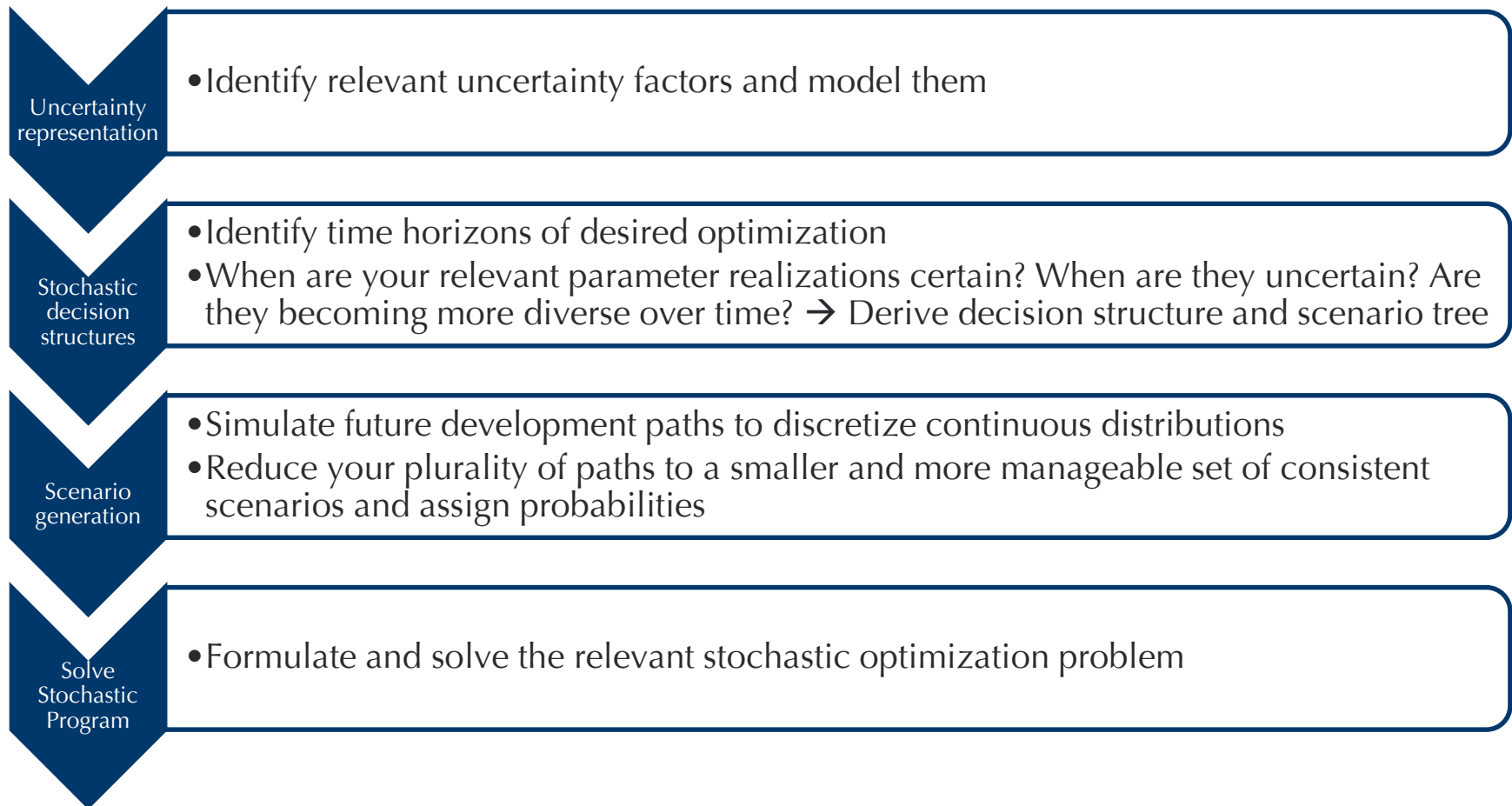
4

Conclusion and Outlook

5

Basic concept of stochastic optimization

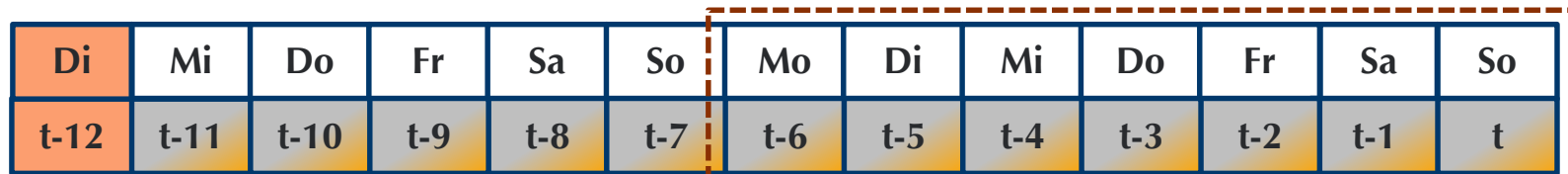
Methodology



Decision interdependencies between different markets (I)

Methodology

- Example: Weekly primary reserve decisions must take all subsequent markets into account!



15:00
FCR Auction
16:00
Results

08:00 FRR-a Auction 09:00 Results	10:00 FRR-m Auction 11:00 Results	12:00 1h DA-Auction 12:40 Results	15:00 ¼ h IDA Auction 15:10 Results
--	--	--	--

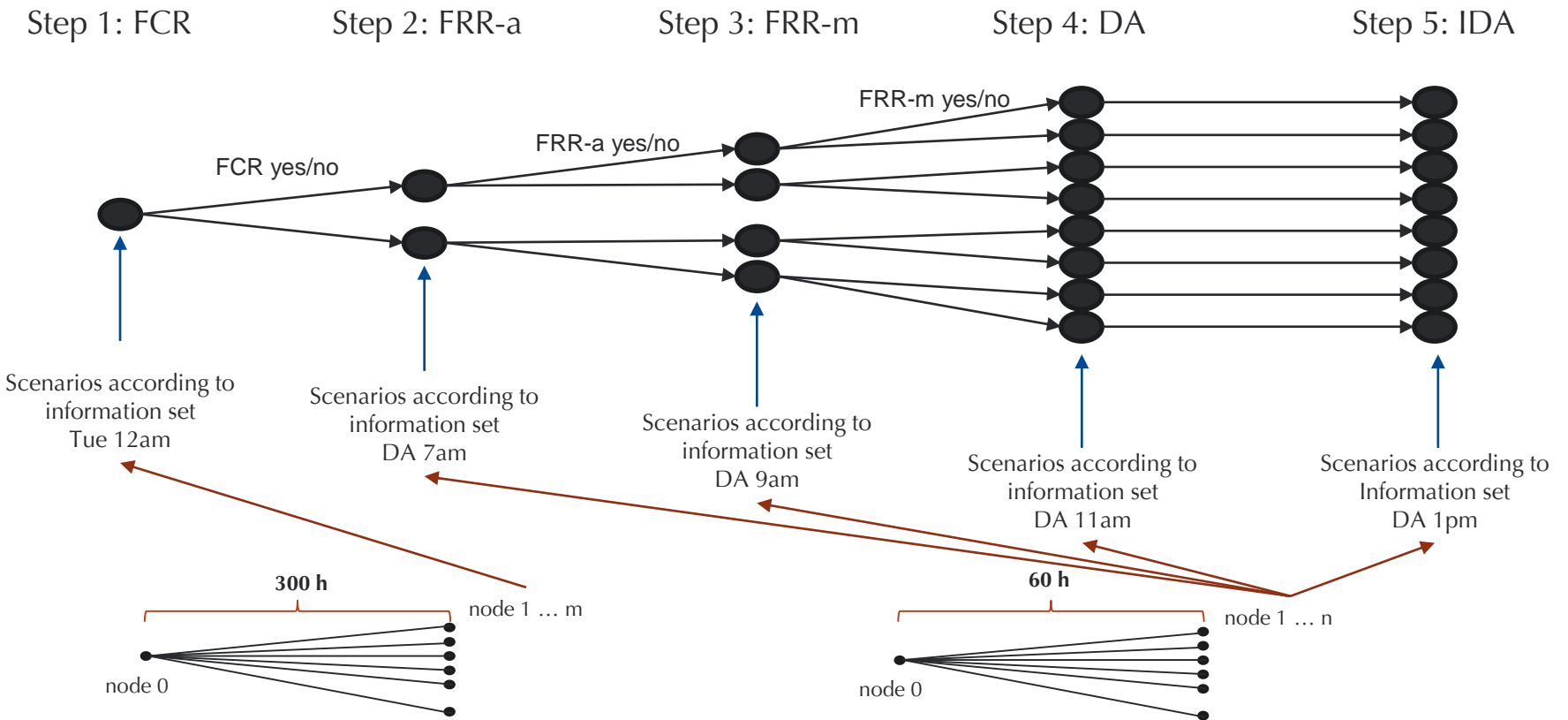
Delivery Period
FCR

→ Both uncertainty modelling and the dispatch optimization model need to reflect these opportunities

Decision interdependencies between different markets (II)

Methodology

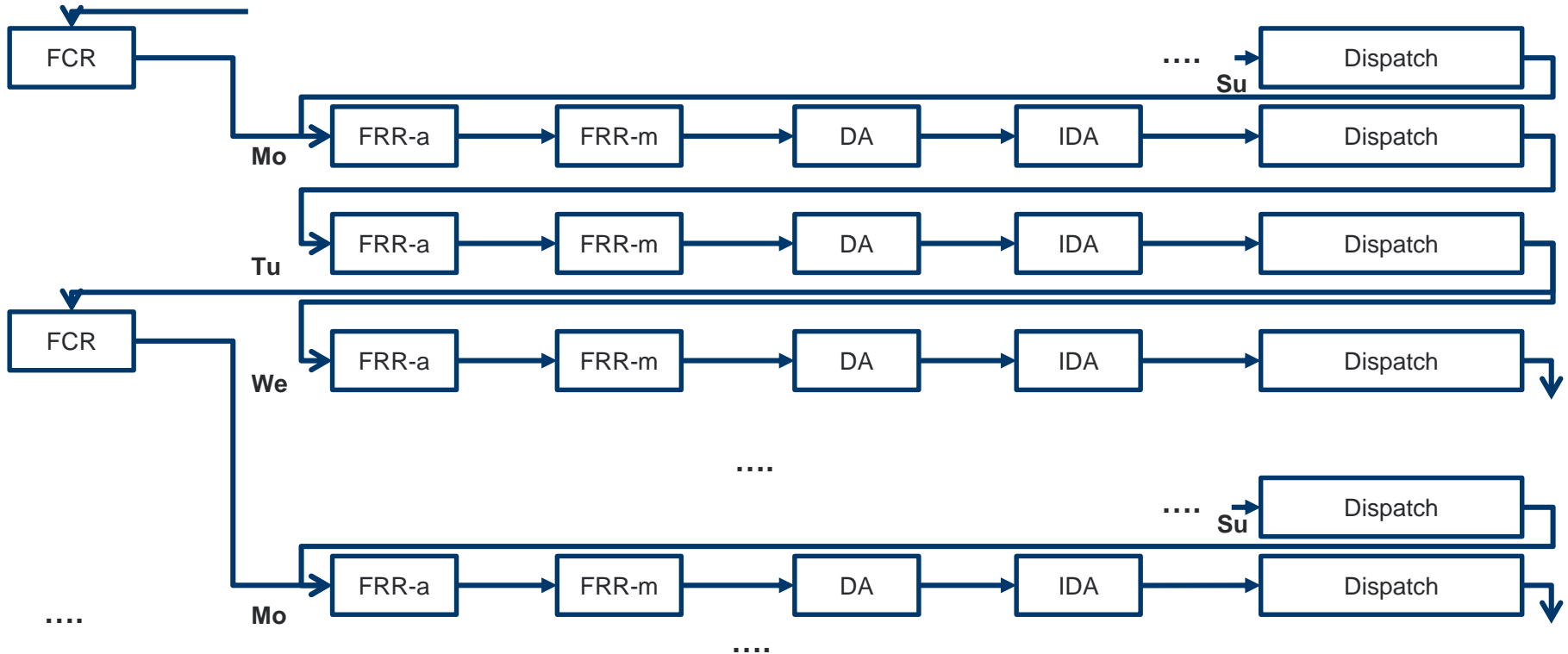
Decision Structure



Scenario tree structure

Sequence of decisions for long-term application

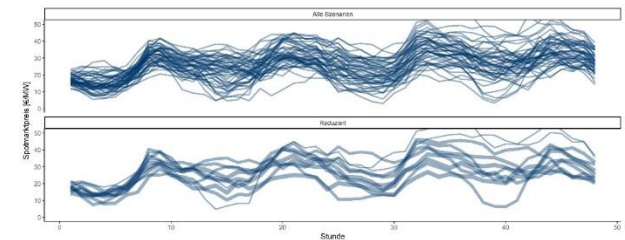
Methodology



Uncertainty modelling: from distributions to scenarios

Methodology

- Here: focus on week-ahead and day-ahead electricity price uncertainty modelling
 - However, in the research project, heat uncertainty was also addressed
- Panel and rolling window approach (Beran, Vogler and Weber 2017)
 - Parameters are estimated and fixed for each hour h and each quarter hour qh on the basis of 730 days
 - LASSO with two different distributions was identified fitting DA and IDA
- Monte Carlo simulation of 1000 price paths
 - Week-ahead: 300 h, Day-Ahead: 240 qh
- Scenario reduction for optimization model
 - Based on approach of Römisch and Heitsch (2003)
 - Addition of two extreme price scenarios ahead of the reduction



- Reserve markets differ from electricity markets
 - Pay-as-bid, no price-taker assumption
 - Therefore, bid quantity and prices need to be optimized jointly!
 - No linear problem, not directly compatible with mixed-integer optimization
- Chosen approach here: Swider and Weber (2007), in a pre-optimization
 - Optimization of expected profits taking into account
 - Expected opportunity costs of reserve provision (based on electricity price scenarios)
 - Own price impact
 - Historical reserve price distribution* by quantile regression
 - Possible bid sizes and corresponding optimal bid price (brute force)
 - Choosing quantity/price constellation with highest expected profit; bid price is forwarded to the stochastic optimization model

- Implemented in GAMS, solved with CPLEX 12.5.1 (standard solver settings), optimality gap 1%, RESLIM= 100.000 s (~28 h)
- Stochastic unit commitment and dispatch model
 - originally based on Brand and Weber (2005), extended by Woll and Weber (2006), Kempgens (2018) and Dietrich et al. (2020)
 - including binary and integer variables (→ MILP)
 - Two-stages (deterministic and stochastic)
 - Decision variables include (but are not limited to)
 - Power and heat production, marketed amounts (in bidding curves), storage operation
 - Implements both equality constraints and inequations (~80)
 - Objective: maximization of portfolio profit
 - Not considered: heat revenues, reserve *energy* activation

Agenda

StoOpt –deterministic and stochastic optimization approaches in the German electricity and reserve markets

Motivation

1

On the Research Project: *StoOpt.NRW*

2

Methodology

3

Results (so far)

4

Conclusion and Outlook

5

Case study: 4 “months” of 2016

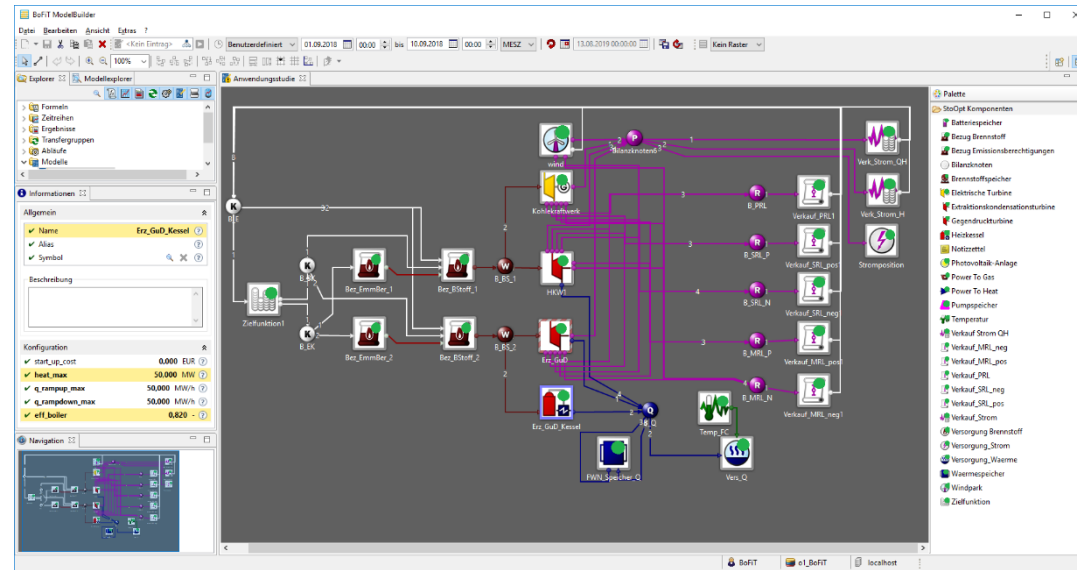
Results (so far)

- Due to the weekly schedule of FCR, we chose 4-week periods (28 days), one period per season
- Winter: 04/01/2016-31/01/2016 (+FCR auction on 29/12/2015)
- Spring: 04/04/2016-01/05/2016 (+FCR auction on 29/03/2016)
- Summer: 04/07/2016-31/07/2016 (+FCR auction on 28/06/2016)
- Autumn: 05/09/2016-02/10/2016 (+FCR auction on 30/08/2016)
- 150 optimizations per “month” (5 week-ahead + 145 daily optimizations)

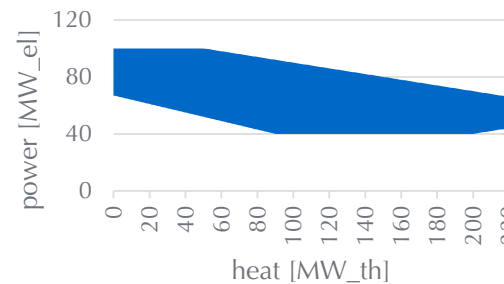
Case study: Portfolio under study

Results (so far)

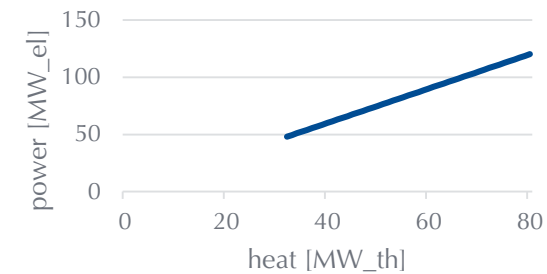
- Gas-fired CHP plant (backpressure turbine)
 - $P_{max} = 120 \text{ MW}$, $Q_{max} = 80 \text{ MW}$
- Coal-fired CHP plant (extraction condensing turbine)
 - $P_{max} = 100 \text{ MW}$, $Q_{max} = 220 \text{ MW}$
- Coal plant without cogeneration
 - $P_{max} = 100 \text{ MW}$
- Wind park (subject to German market premium scheme)
 - $infeed_{max} = 33.5 \text{ MW}$
- Heat boiler
 - $Q_{max} = 50 \text{ MW}$
- Heat storage
 - $vol_{max} = 250 \text{ MWh}$



Coal-fired CHP



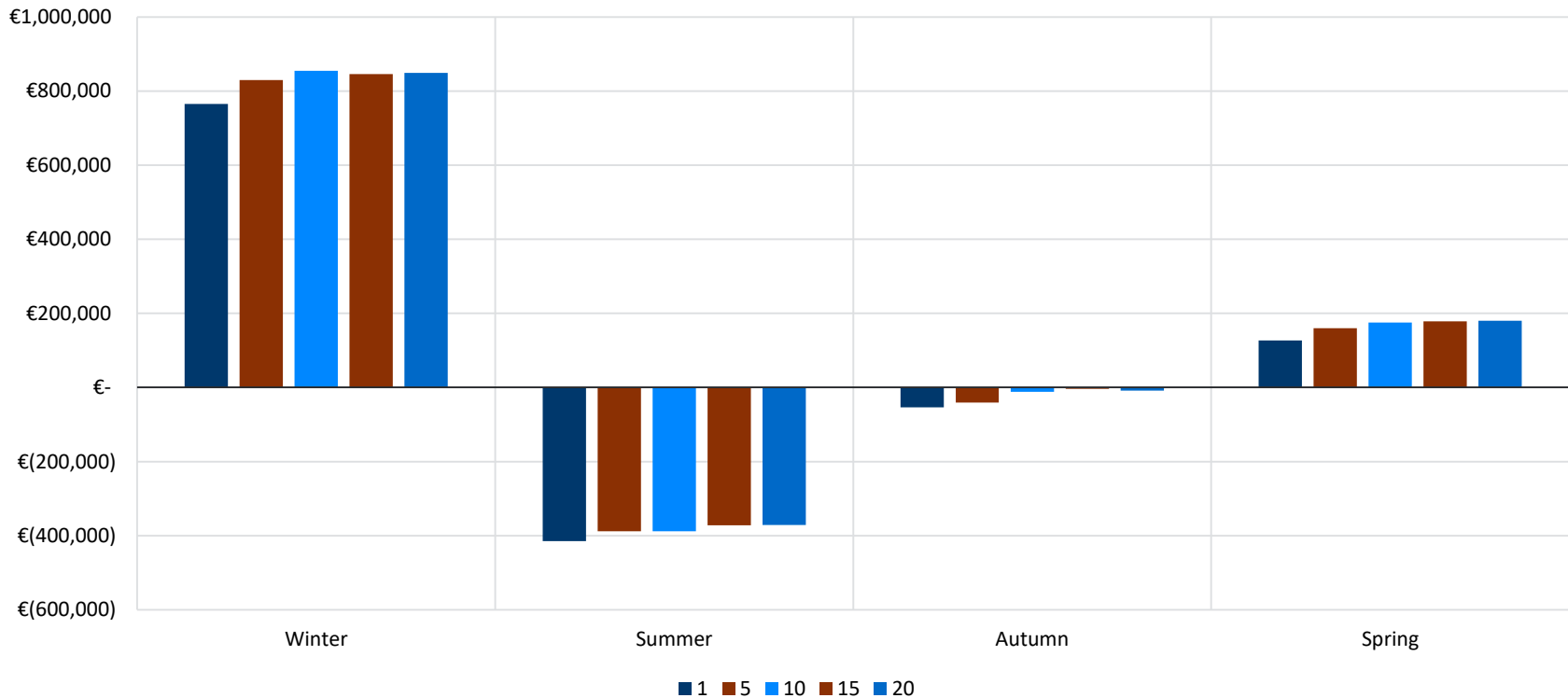
Gas-fired CHP



Monthly profits with different numbers of scenarios

Results (so far)

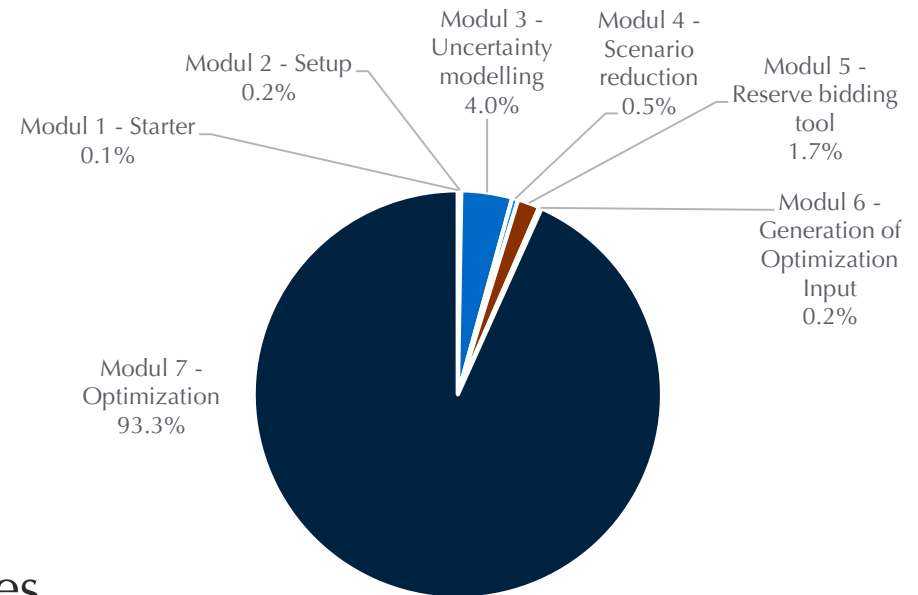
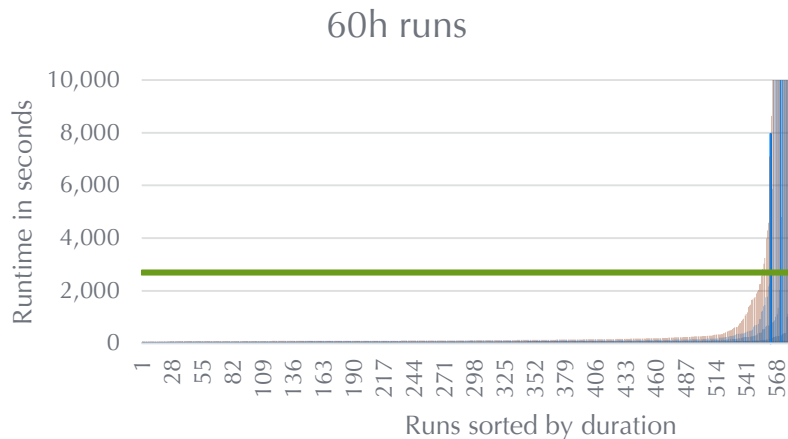
- Value of Stochastic Optimization always positive
 - However, there seems to be an early saturation point → bug or feature?



Computation times – a closer look

Results (so far)

- All runs were carried out on a desktop PC, no parallel runs
 - 16 GB RAM, 3.4 GHz CPU (4 cores)
- Computation times rise with no. of scenarios (as expected)
- Market lead times require a timely result (e.g. < 45 min for FRR-m)



→ Optimization dominates runtimes

Agenda

StoOpt –deterministic and stochastic optimization approaches in the German electricity and reserve markets

Motivation

1

On the Research Project: *StoOpt.NRW*

2

Methodology

3

Results (so far)

4

Conclusion and Outlook

5

- Our research shows (again) **the validity and potentials of the stochastic optimization approach** and demonstrates its **applicability in the developed, very detailed prototype**
- The **curse of dimensionality** of stochastic optimization models is profound for equation-driven models such as CHP systems
- Unclear origin of early saturation point:
 - Optimization terminations due to exceeding runtimes, pre-optimization of reserve, problems in the interaction of price scenarios and bidding curves?
- This model is **still work in progress!**

- Improvements planned until paper publication
 - Modelling of “perfect foresight”
 - Modelling of daily FCR provision
 - Having full-year runs
- Possible improvements for further investigations
 - Improved consideration of **Continuous Intraday** trading (→ lack of uncertainty data)
 - (Improved) consideration of electricity market **bidding curves and block products**
 - Investigation of **problem simplifications / decomposition opportunities** to in turn allow for higher no. of scenarios

Thank you for your attention!

Christian Furtwängler, M.Sc.

Lehrstuhl für Energiewirtschaft

Room R11 T07 C25

Universitätsstraße 12, 45117 Essen

christian.furtwaengler@uni-due.de

Tel: +49 (0)201-183 6458

